

Aviation English Vocabulary Test 17
(Wildlife Hazard, Bird Hazard)

Choose the best answer for each question

1. What is the term used to describe the presence of birds in an area that poses a potential hazard to aircraft operations?
A. Bird strike
B. Bird encounter
C. Bird hazard
D. Bird alert
2. Which type of bird is known for its large size and soaring flight pattern, making it a particularly significant bird strike hazard?
A. Turkey vultures
B. Canada geese
C. Common gulls
D. European starlings
3. Which time of day is generally considered to be the highest risk period for bird strikes?
A. Early morning
B. Late afternoon
C. Midday
D. Midnight
4. What is the primary factor that attracts birds to airports and other areas frequented by aircraft?
(A) The open spaces and reflective surfaces
(B) The availability of dusty and foggy sites
(C) The presence of food and water sources
(D) The noise and activity
5. Which aviation communication term is used to alert pilots to the presence of birds in the area?
A. "Birds in sight"
B. "Bird hazard"
C. "Bird avoidance"
D. "Bird strike"
6. Which type of bird is often seen in large groups around airports and other open areas?
A. Turkey vulture
B. Canada goose
C. Common crow
D. Coopers Hawk
7. Roughly 90% of all strikes with a known location occur in the vicinity of an
A. Heliports
B. Apron
C. Aerodrome
D. Military Hangars
8. Which of the following practices is NOT considered an effective method of reducing bird hazards at airports?
A. Habitat modification
B. Use of noise abatement procedures
C. Installation of bird strike barriers
D. Feeding and attracting birds to the airport
9. History of Birds Strike One of the first recorded incidents of bird strike collision happened to the pilot Carl Rogers in 1912, on his journey from coast to coast, in the United States and through his exposure to a collision with a Seagull, which led to his downfall in the state of California and his death.
A. Bird
B. control
C. Insect
D. Cat

10. Bird strikes are a serious threat to airport operations. In fact, in airports with close proximity to water reservoirs such as Heathrow or Southampton, there is at least one bird per week during the non-migration seasons.

- A. Migration
- B. Strike
- C. Eye
- D. Hazard

Answers:

1. C
2. A
3. A - Early morning is generally considered to be the highest risk period for bird strikes because birds are most active at this time of day. They are feeding, nesting, and migrating, and they are more likely to be flying at lower altitudes. In addition, the low light conditions of early morning can make it difficult for pilots to see birds.
4. C - Birds are attracted to airports and other areas frequented by aircraft for a variety of reasons, but the most important factor is the presence of food and water sources. Airports and their surrounding areas often have an abundance of food sources for birds, such as insects, rodents, and discarded food. There are also often water sources available, such as ponds, lakes, and streams.
5. B
6. C
7. C
8. D
9. A
10. B